



タイヤ内部温度センサーは、ワイヤレスでタイヤの内部温度と圧力を計測することができます。

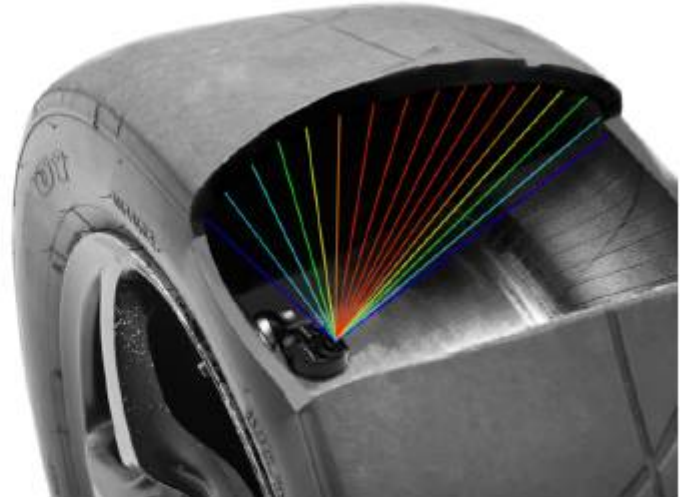
小型軽量でタイヤ内部に設置できる設計になっています。

内部の温度センサーは、タイヤの内部温度を横一列に16chに分けて計測します。

タイヤ内の圧力は24bitの分解能をもつセンサーで計測されます。

測定されたデータは無線で、受信機に転送され、受信機からCANで出力されます。

注：使用される無線機は日本の電波法のライセンスは取得していません。



SPECIFICATIONS – TTPMS SENSOR

Pressure, Range (Gauge)	0 to 5000 mBar
Pressure, Resolution	1 mBar
Pressure, FS Accuracy (typ)	±10 mBar
Internal Temperature, Range	-40 to 150 °C
Internal Temperature, Resolution	0.1 °C
Internal Temperature, FS Accuracy	±1.0 °C
IR Temperature, Range	-20 to 300 °C
IR Temperature, Resolution	0.1 °C
IR Temperature, Accuracy (typ)	±3.0 °C
Sampling Period at Speed	1.2 seconds
Operating Temperature Range*	0 to 135 °C
Battery Life (typ)	1.5 million transmissions
Encryption	AES-128
RF Frequency	868, 915, 920 MHz
RF Output Power	1mW
Wireless Range, Open Space	> 100m

*Will survive brief temperature excursions < 150°C

SPECIFICATIONS – RECEIVER

Voltage Input	5 to 16 V
Supply Current	30 mA
Temperature Range	-20 to 85 °C
Max No. of Sensors	120 (30 / corner)
RF Center Frequency	868, 915, 920 MHz
Sensitivity (typ)	-110dBm



MECHANICAL SPECS – SENSOR

Weight	21 ± 1g
Material	7075-T6
Max. Centrifugal Accel.	2000G (SF = 3)
L x W x H (max)	44 x 32 x 18 mm
Protection Rating	IP61

MECHANICAL SPECS – RECEIVER

Weight	18 ± 1g
Material	6061-T6
L x W x H (max)	50.5 x 35.5 x 8 mm
Protection Rating	IP65



CAN SPECIFICATIONS – RECEIVER

Standard	CAN 2.0A, ISO-11898	
Bit Rate	1 Mbit/s (configurable)	
Byte Order	Big-Endian / Motorola	
Data Conversion	1 integer per bit 1 dBm per bit 1 mV per bit 1 mBar per bit 0.1 °C per bit, -100 °C offset (all variables unsigned except RSSI)	SN, TC, Node ID RSSI Battery Voltage Pressure Temperature
Base CAN ID (default)	1030 (Dec) / 0x406 (Hex)	
Termination	None	

WIRING SPECS – RECEIVER:

Wire	M22759/32-26, DR25
Cable Length	500 mm
Connector	None
Supply Voltage, V _s	Red
Ground	Black
CAN +	Blue
CAN -	White

CAN MESSAGE STRUCTURE – RECEIVER:

CAN ID: 0x406 (LF) / 0x40C (RF) / 0x412 (LR) / 0x418 (RR)

Serial Number		Battery Voltage		Pressure		Gauge Pressure	
Byte 0 (MSB)	Byte 1 (LSB)	Byte 2 (MSB)	Byte 3 (LSB)	Byte 4 (MSB)	Byte 5 (LSB)	Byte 6 (MSB)	Byte 7 (LSB)

CAN ID: 0x407 (LF) / 0x40D (RF) / 0x413 (LR) / 0x419 (RR)

Infrared Temp, CH 1		Infrared Temp, CH 2		Infrared Temp, CH 3		Infrared Temp, CH 4	
Byte 0 (MSB)	Byte 1 (LSB)	Byte 2 (MSB)	Byte 3 (LSB)	Byte 4 (MSB)	Byte 5 (LSB)	Byte 6 (MSB)	Byte 7 (LSB)

CAN ID: 0x408 (LF) / 0x40E (RF) / 0x414 (LR) / 0x41A (RR)

Infrared Temp, CH 5		Infrared Temp, CH 6		Infrared Temp, CH 7		Infrared Temp, CH 8	
Byte 0 (MSB)	Byte 1 (LSB)	Byte 2 (MSB)	Byte 3 (LSB)	Byte 4 (MSB)	Byte 5 (LSB)	Byte 6 (MSB)	Byte 7 (LSB)

CAN ID: 0x409 (LF) / 0x40F (RF) / 0x415 (LR) / 0x41B (RR)

Infrared Temp, CH 9		Infrared Temp, CH 10		Infrared Temp, CH 11		Infrared Temp, CH 12	
Byte 0 (MSB)	Byte 1 (LSB)	Byte 2 (MSB)	Byte 3 (LSB)	Byte 4 (MSB)	Byte 5 (LSB)	Byte 6 (MSB)	Byte 7 (LSB)

CAN ID: 0x40A (LF) / 0x410 (RF) / 0x416 (LR) / 0x41C (RR)

Infrared Temp, CH 13		Infrared Temp, CH 14		Infrared Temp, CH 15		Infrared Temp, CH 16	
Byte 0 (MSB)	Byte 1 (LSB)	Byte 2 (MSB)	Byte 3 (LSB)	Byte 4 (MSB)	Byte 5 (LSB)	Byte 6 (MSB)	Byte 7 (LSB)

CAN ID: 0x40B (LF) / 0x411 (RF) / 0x417 (LR) / 0x41D (RR)

Transmission Count		RSSI		Sensor Temperature		Sensor Node ID	
Byte 0 (MSB)	Byte 1 (LSB)	Byte 2 (MSB)	Byte 3 (LSB)	Byte 4 (MSB)	Byte 5 (LSB)	Byte 6 (MSB)	Byte 7 (LSB)

* The base CAN ID (0x406) is adjustable



BASE CAN ID PROGRAMMING – RECEIVER:

To modify the wireless receiver's base CAN ID, sensor assignment mode, or bit rate, send the following CAN message at 1Hz for at least 10 seconds and then reset the receiver by disconnecting power for 5 seconds. For more details and options, refer to the Appendix.

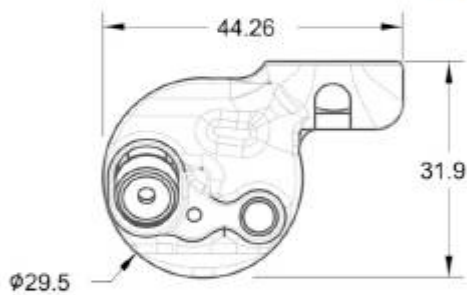
CAN ID = Base ID (Default = 0x406)

Programming Constant		New CAN Base ID (11-bit)		Sensor Assignment	Bit Rate	Emissivity	
Byte 0 (MSB)	Byte 1 (LSB)	Byte 2 (MSB)	Byte 3 (LSB)	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7
30000 = 0x7530		1 = 0x001		1 = Default	1 = 1 Mbit/s	1 = Default	
		⋮		2 = Custom	2 = 500 kbit/s	2 = Custom	
		2047 = 0x7FF			3 = 250 kbit/s		
					4 = 125 kbit/s		

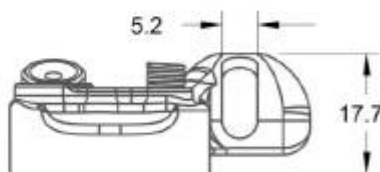
CAN messages should only be sent to the receiver during the configuration sequence.
DO NOT continuously send CAN messages to the receiver.

DIMENSIONS:

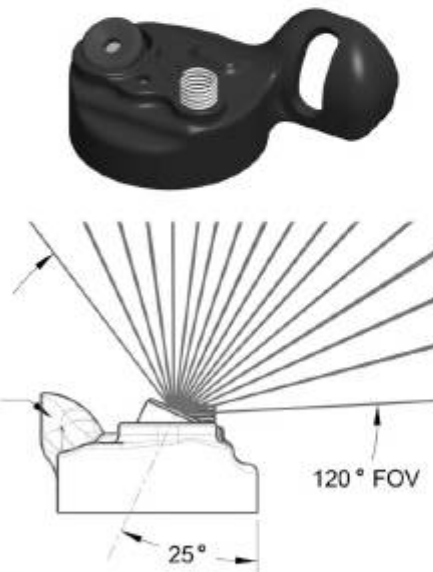
TTPMS Sensor, TTPMS-V2



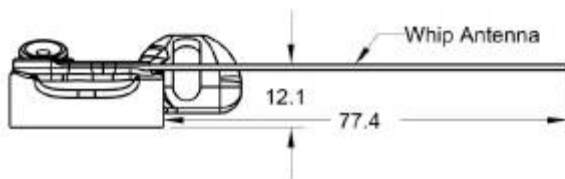
ALL DIMENSIONS IN MM



17mm Ball Socket for Valve

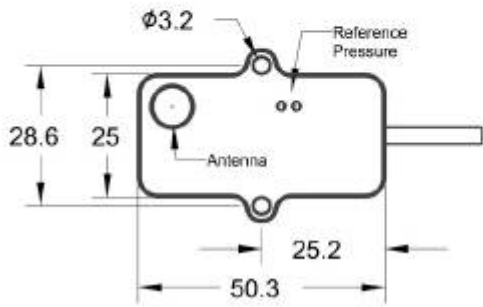


WHIP ANTENNA VARIANT

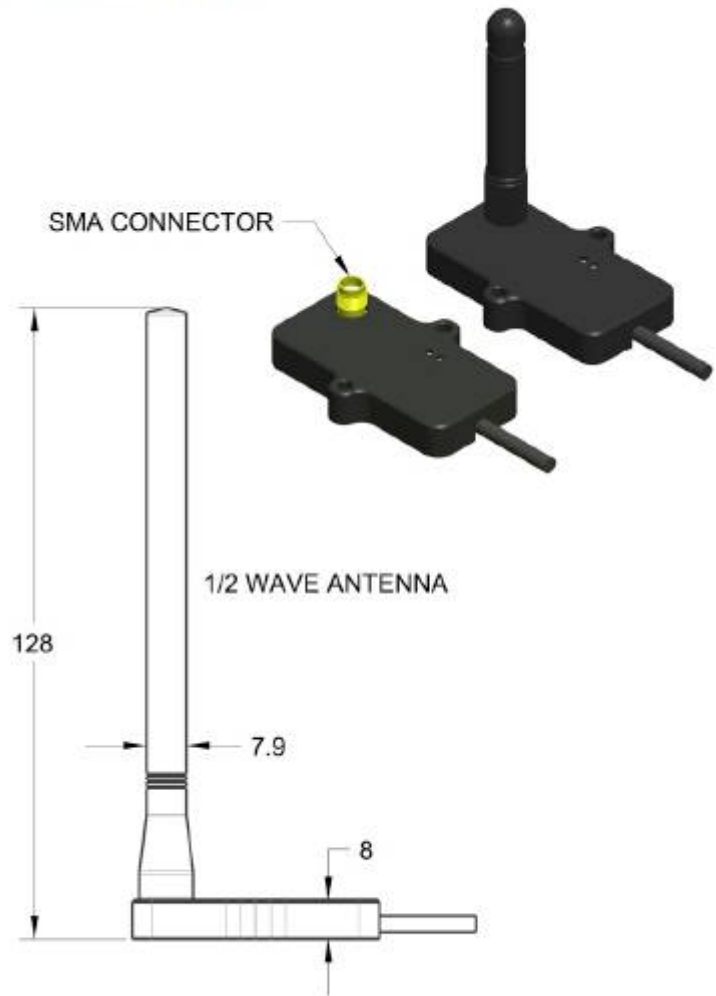
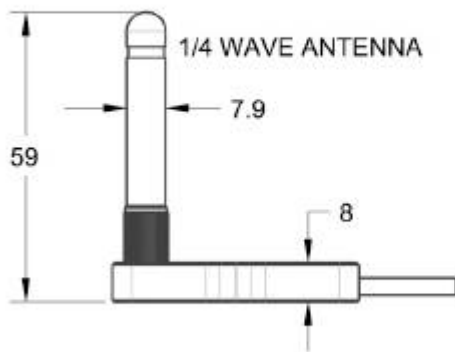




TPMS Receiver, W-REC-V2

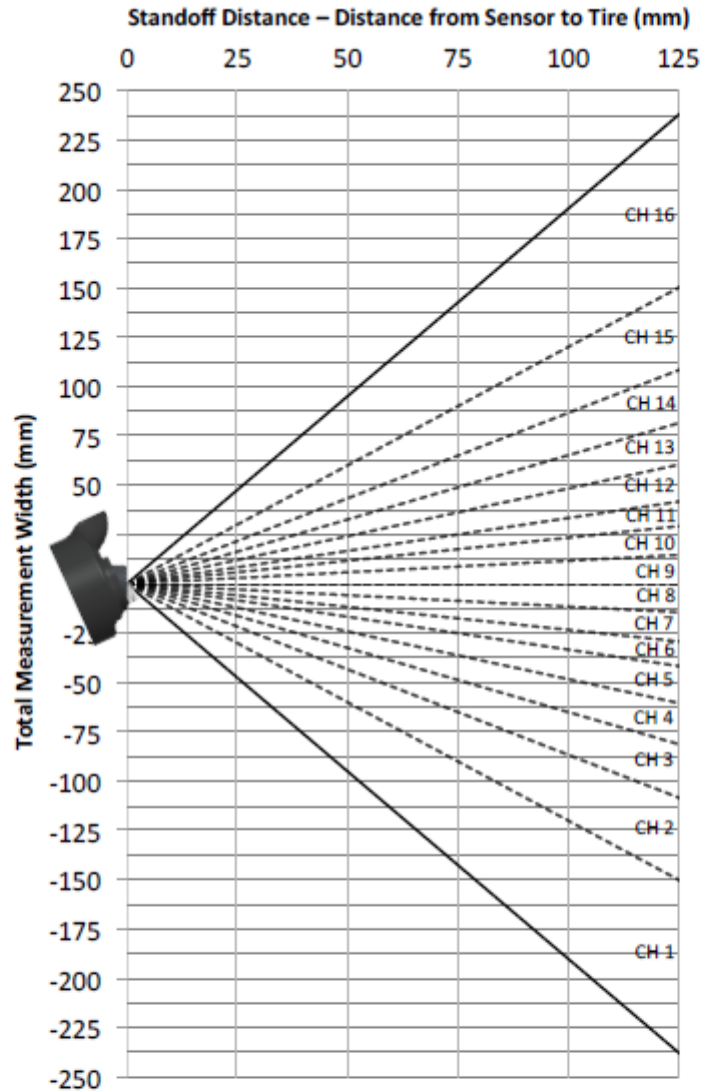


ALL DIMENSIONS IN MM





120° Field-of-View, Spatial Mapping of Temperature Channels:



CAD model available with temperature channel rays

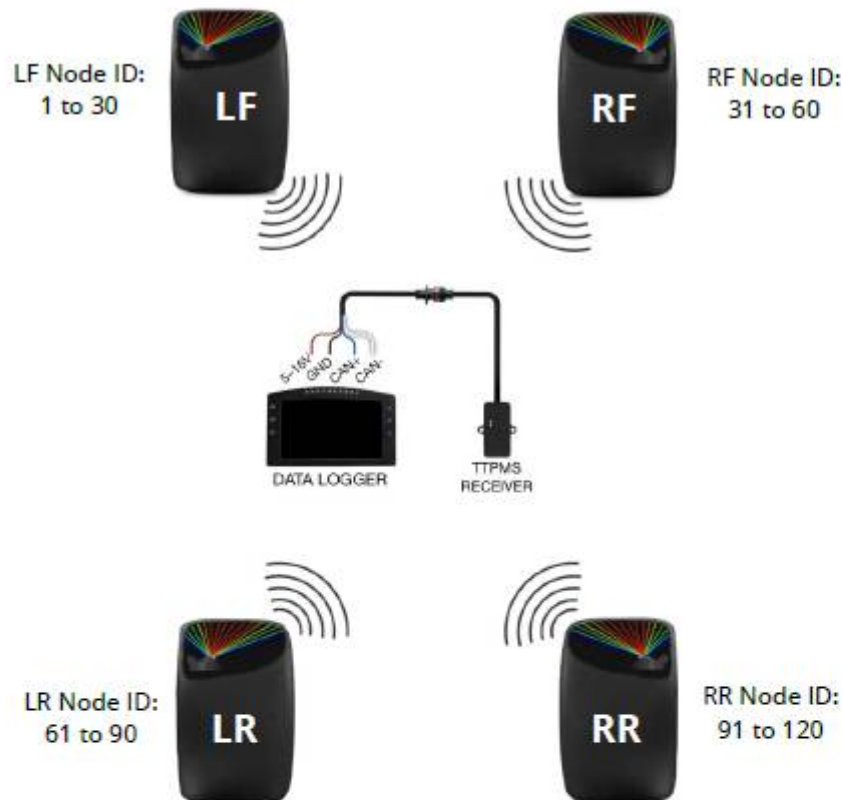
TRANSMISSION RATE:

State	Criteria	Data	Update Period
Uninflated or Cold	$P_{\text{gauge}} < 250\text{mBar}$ $T_{\text{sensor}} < 5^{\circ}\text{C}$	None	N/A (sleeping)
Inflated	$P_{\text{gauge}} > 250\text{mBar}$	Pressure	240 seconds
Inflated & Heated	$P_{\text{gauge}} > 250\text{mBar}$ $T_{\text{sensor}} > 40^{\circ}\text{C}$	Pressure	10 seconds
Inflated & ΔP	$P_{\text{gauge}} > 250\text{mBar}$ $\Delta P_{\text{gauge}} > 10\text{mBar}$	Pressure, Infrared	1.2 seconds*
Rotation	Wheel movement	Pressure, Infrared	1.2 seconds*

* 10 second overrun before switching to lower state / longer update period



SYSTEM LAYOUT (DEFAULT):



- Place receiver near center of car, in cockpit, with antenna perpendicular to any metal or carbon-fiber surface. Most applications will only require one receiver, but a chassis with difficult RF penetration may require two receivers (front and rear).

TIRE CORNER ASSIGNMENT – TTPMS SENSOR:

- By default, each TTPMS sensor is assigned to a specific corner/tire with a unique Node ID:

LF Node ID's: 1 to 30

RF Node ID's: 31 to 60

LR Node ID's: 61 to 90

RR Node ID's: 91 to 120

- The corner assignment for each Node ID is adjustable; refer to the Appendix for details.
- Each team/set will be assigned a receiver with a unique Network ID and AES-128 encryption, therefore, protecting data between teams and cars.
- The receiver will acquire data from all active TTPMS sensors in the pits but will only receive data from the fitted, active tires when away from the pits.

**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:**

- Battery life depends on a multitude of operating conditions but will typically exceed 1 million transmissions (347 track hours) or up to approximately 3 years.
 - o The TTPMS sensor is fitted with a serviceable battery.
- The maximum recommended sensor temperature is 120 °C for utmost reliability and battery life, but transient temperature excursions up to 150 °C are survivable.
- To avoid dropped packets, the average Received Signal Strength Indication (RSSI) should be no less than -90dBm.
 - o Two receivers may be used when signal strength is too weak with one receiver.
- Do not wash the TTPMS sensors – keep dry.
- Do not repeatedly remove and reinstall the sensor & valve assembly.